UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-O

X OUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2022

OR

0 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Microvast Holdings, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

001-38826

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction (Commission File Number)

of incorporation or organization)

12603 Southwest Freeway, Suite 210 Stafford, Texas

(Address Of Principal Executive Offices)

(281) 491-9505

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of exchange on which registered
Common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share	MVST	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Redeemable warrants, exercisable for shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share	MVSTW	The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	0	Accelerated filer	0
Non-accelerated filer	х	Smaller reporting company	х
Emerging growth company	х		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes O No x

As of July 22, 2022, there were 302,546,766 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.0001, issued and outstanding.

83-2530757 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

(Zip Code)

MICROVAST HOLDINGS, INC. FORM 10-Q For the Quarter Ended June 30, 2022

Table of Contents

		Page
PART I. I	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	1
Item 1.	Financial Statements (Unaudited)	1
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	1
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity	5
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	7
	Notes to Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	9
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	29
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	39
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	40
PART II.	OTHER INFORMATION	42
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	42
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	42
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds from Registered Securities	42
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	42
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	42
Item 5.	Other Information	42
Item 6.	Exhibits	43

i

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report ("Report") contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements include, but are not limited to, statements about future financial and operating results, our objectives, expectations and intentions with respect to future operations, products and services; and other statements identified by words such as "will likely result," "are expected to," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimated," "believe," "intend," "plan," "projection," "outlook" or words of similar meaning. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our industry and market sizes, and future opportunities for us. Such forward-looking statements are based upon the current beliefs and expectations of management and are inherently subject to significant business, economic and competitive uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond our control. Actual results and the timing of events may differ materially from the results anticipated in these forward-looking statements.

There are important risks, uncertainties, events and factors that could cause our actual results or performance to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements contained in this document, including:

- risks of operations in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC" or "China");
- the impact of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic;
- the conflict between Russia and Ukraine and any restrictive actions that have been or may be taken by the United States (the "U.S.") and/or other countries in response thereto, such as sanctions or export controls;
- risks related to cybersecurity and data privacy;
- the impact of inflation and rising interest rates;
- changes in availability and price of raw materials;
- changes in the highly competitive market in which we compete, including with respect to our competitive landscape, technology evolution or regulatory changes;
- changes in the markets that we target;
- · heightened awareness of environmental issues and concern about global warming and climate change;
- the risk that we may not be able to execute our growth strategies or achieve profitability;
- the risk that we are unable to secure or protect our intellectual property;
- the risk that we may experience effects from global supply chain challenges, including delays in delivering our products to our customers;
- the risk that our customers or third-party suppliers are unable to meet their obligations fully or in a timely manner;
- the risk that our customers will adjust, cancel or suspend their orders for our products;
- the risk that we will need to raise additional capital to execute our business plan, which may not be available on acceptable terms or at all;
- the risk of product liability or regulatory lawsuits or proceedings relating to our products or services;
- the risk that we may not be able to develop and maintain effective internal controls; and
- the outcome of any legal proceedings that may be instituted against us or any of our directors or officers.

The foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive and new factors may emerge from time to time that could also affect actual performance and results. For more information, please see the risk factors included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021 in Part I, Item 1A and in the Registration Statement on Form S-3, (File No. 333-258978), which was initially filed on July 28, 2022, and as further amended.

Actual results, performance or achievements may differ materially, and potentially adversely, from any forward-looking statements and the assumptions on which those forward-looking statements are based. There can be no assurance that the data contained herein is reflective of future performance to any degree. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a predictor of future performance as forward-looking statements are based on estimates and assumptions that are inherently subject to various significant risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond our control.

All information set forth herein speaks only as of the date hereof, and we disclaim any intention or obligation to update any forward-looking statements as a result of developments occurring after the date hereof except as may be required under applicable securities laws. Forecasts and estimates regarding our industry and end markets are based on sources we believe to be reliable, however there can be no assurance these forecasts and estimates will prove accurate in whole or in part.

ii

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

MICROVAST HOLDINGS, INC. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share data, or as otherwise noted)

	D	ecember 31, 2021	June 30, 2022
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	480,931	\$ 333,867
Restricted cash		55,178	63,065
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for credit losses of \$5,005 and \$5,828 as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2022, respectively)		88,717	104,992
Notes receivable		11,144	30,448
Inventories		53,424	64,460
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		17,127	14,531
Amount due from related parties		85	_
Total Current Assets		706,606	611,363
Property, plant and equipment, net	-	253,057	278,443
Land use rights, net		14,008	13,171
Acquired intangible assets, net		1,882	1,758
Operating lease right-of-use assets		_	17,123
Other non-current assets		19,738	49,786
Total Assets	\$	995,291	\$ 971,644
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	40,408	\$ 39,578
Advance from customers		1,526	4,558
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		58,740	66,793
Income tax payables		666	661
Short-term bank borrowings		13,301	8,807
Notes payable		60,953	76,605
Bonds payable-current			29,259
Total Current Liabilities		175,594	 226,261
Long-term bonds payable		73,147	43,888
Warrant liability		1,105	285
Share-based compensation liability		18,925	99
Operating lease liabilities			14,936
Other non-current liabilities		39,822	32,171

MICROVAST HOLDINGS, INC. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS - continued (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share data, or as otherwise noted)

		December 31, 2021		June 30, 2022
Total Liabilities	\$	308,593	\$	317,640
Commitments and contingencies (Note 16)				
Shareholders' Equity				
Common Stock (par value of US\$0.0001 per share, 750,000,000 and 750,000,000 shares authorized as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2022; 300,530,516 and 302,546,766 shares issued, and 298,843,016 and	¢	20	¢	20
300,859,266 shares outstanding as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2022)	\$	30	\$	30
Additional paid-in capital		1,306,034		1,378,774
Statutory reserves		6,032		6,032
Accumulated deficit		(632,099)		(720,923)
Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss)		6,701		(9,909)
Total Shareholders' Equity		686,698		654,004
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$	995,291	\$	971,644

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

MICROVAST HOLDINGS, INC. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share data, or as otherwise noted)

	Three Months Ended Six Months Ended June 30, June 30,							
		2021		2022		2021	2022	
Revenues	\$	33,372	\$	64,414	\$	48,310 \$	101,082	
Cost of revenues		(40,146)		(59,573)		(56,321)	(96,228)	
Gross (loss)/profit		(6,774)		4,841		(8,011)	4,854	
Operating expenses:								
General and administrative expenses		(6,178)		(34,335)		(10,752)	(60,436)	
Research and development expenses		(5,895)		(10,244)		(9,681)	(21,553)	
Selling and marketing expenses		(3,706)		(5,810)		(6,862)	(11,808)	
Total operating expenses		(15,779)		(50,389)		(27,295)	(93,797)	
Subsidy income		213		576		2,131	713	
Loss from operations		(22,340)	-	(44,972)		(33,175)	(88,230)	
Other income and expenses:								
Interest income		111		420		207	734	
Interest expense		(1,537)		(895)		(3,383)	(1,691)	
Loss on changes in fair value of convertible notes		(3,243)		_		(6,843)	_	
Gain on changes in fair value of warrant liability		_		1,255		_	820	
Other income, net		49		10		44	409	
Loss before provision for income taxes		(26,960)		(44,182)		(43,150)	(87,958)	
Income tax expense		(109)		—		(218)	—	
Net loss	\$	(27,069)	\$	(44,182)	\$	(43,368) \$	(87,958)	
Less: Accretion of Series C1 Preferred		1,003		_		2,006	_	
Less: Accretion of Series C2 Preferred		2,281		_		4,562	—	
Less: Accretion of Series D1 Preferred		4,759		—		9,518	—	
Less: Accretion for noncontrolling interests		4,036		_		8,007	—	
Net loss attributable to Common Stock shareholders of Microvast Holdings, Inc.	\$	(39,148)	\$	(44,182)	\$	(67,461) \$	(87,958)	
Net loss per share attributable to Common Stock shareholders of Microvast Holdings, Inc.								
Basic and diluted	\$	(0.40)	\$	(0.15)	\$	(0.68) \$	(0.29)	
Weighted average shares used in calculating net loss per share of common stock								
Basic and diluted		99,028,297		300,565,515		99,028,297	299,709,069	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

MICROVAST HOLDINGS, INC. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share data, or as otherwise noted)

	Three Mon Jun		Six Mont June	
	 2021	2022	 2021	2022
Net loss	\$ (27,069)	\$ (44,182)	\$ (43,368)	\$ (87,958)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	3,670	(17,596)	757	(16,610)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (23,399)	\$ (61,778)	\$ (42,611)	\$ (104,568)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

MICROVAST HOLDINGS, INC. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)/EQUITY (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share data, or as otherwise noted)

				Three !	Мо	nths Ended June	30,	2021			
	Commo	on St	ock	Additional paid-in		Accumulated		Accumulated other omprehensive	Statutory		Total Microvast Holdings, Inc. Shareholders'
	Shares		Amount	 capital		deficit		Income	 reserves	_	Deficit
Balance as of March 31, 2021	99,028,297	\$	6	\$ _	\$	(426,309)	\$	4,443	\$ 6,032	\$	(415,828)
Net loss	_		_	_		(27,069)		_	_		(27,069)
Accretion for Series C1 Preferred	_		_	_		(1,003)			_		(1,003)
Accretion for Series C2 Preferred	—		—	—		(2,281)		—			(2,281)
Accretion for Series D1 Preferred	_		—	—		(4,759)		—			(4,759)
Accretion for the exiting noncontrolling interests	—		—	—		(1,430)		—	—		(1,430)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—		—	—		—		3,670	—		3,670
Accretion for redeemable noncontrolling interests						(2,606)			_		(2,606)
Balance as of June 30, 2021	99,028,297	\$	6	\$ _	\$	(465,457)	\$	8,113	\$ 6,032	\$	(451,306)

			Six M	ont	hs Ended June 3	30, 2	2021			
	Comm	 ck Amount	Additional paid-in capital	A	Accumulated deficit		Accumulated other omprehensive Income	Statutory reserves	Н	Total Microvast oldings, Inc. areholders' Deficit
			 1							
Balance as of December 31, 2020	99,028,297	\$ 6	\$ —	\$	(397,996)	\$	7,356	\$ 6,032	\$	(384,602)
Net loss	_	_	_		(43,368)		_	_		(43,368)
Accretion for Series C1 Preferred	_	_			(2,006)		_	_		(2,006)
Accretion for Series C2 Preferred	—	_	_		(4,562)		—	_		(4,562)
Accretion for Series D1 Preferred	—	_	_		(9,518)		—	_		(9,518)
Accretion for the exiting noncontrolling interests	_	_	_		(2,824)		_	_		(2,824)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	_	—			_		757			757
Accretion for redeemable noncontrolling interests	_	_	_		(5,183)		_	_		(5,183)
Balance as of June 30, 2021	99,028,297	\$ 6	\$ 	\$	(465,457)	\$	8,113	\$ 6,032	\$	(451,306)



MICROVAST HOLDINGS, INC. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)/EQUITY - continued (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share data, or as otherwise noted)

				Three M	Mo	nths Ended June	30,	2022			
-	Commo Shares	on S	tock Amount	Additional paid-in capital		Accumulated deficit	С	Accumulated other omprehensive Income (loss)	Statutory reserves	Н	Total Microvast oldings, Inc. nareholders' Equity
Balance as of March 31, 2022	298,851,140	\$	30	\$ 1,320,367	\$	(676,741)	\$	7,687	\$ 6,032	\$	657,375
Net loss	_		—	_		(44,182)		_	_		(44,182)
Issuance of common stock in connection with vesting of share-based awards	2,008,126		_	_		_		_	_		_
Share-based compensation	—		—	58,407		—		—			58,407
Foreign currency translation adjustments	—		—	—		—		(17,596)	—		(17,596)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	300,859,266	\$	30	\$ 1,378,774	\$	(720,923)	\$	(9,909)	\$ 6,032	\$	654,004

				Six M	Ion	ths Ended June 3	30, 2	022			
	Commo	on S	tock	Additional paid-in		Accumulated		accumulated other omprehensive	Statutory	He	Total Microvast oldings, Inc. areholders'
	Shares		Amount	 capital		deficit	I	ncome (loss)	 reserves		Equity
Balance as of December 31, 2021	298,843,016	\$	30	\$ 1,306,034	\$	(632,099)	\$	6,701	\$ 6,032	\$	686,698
Net loss	_		_	_		(87,958)		_	_		(87,958)
Cumulative effect adjustment related to opening retained earnings for adoption of ASU2016-13, Financial instruments- Credit losses (Topic 326)	_		_	_		(866)		_	_		(866)
Issuance of common stock in connection with vesting of share-based awards	2,016,250		_	_		_		_	_		_
Share-based compensation	_			72,740				—	_		72,740
Foreign currency translation adjustments			—	_				(16,610)			(16,610)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	300,859,266	\$	30	\$ 1,378,774	\$	(720,923)	\$	(9,909)	\$ 6,032	\$	654,004

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

MICROVAST HOLDINGS, INC. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share data, or as otherwise noted)

	Six Months June 3	
	 2021	2022
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (43,368) \$	(87,958
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6	13
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	9,475	10,377
Amortization of land use right and intangible assets	376	283
Noncash lease expenses	—	1,112
Share-based compensation	—	53,650
Changes in fair value of warrant liability	—	(820)
Changes in fair value of convertible notes	6,843	
(Reversal) allowance of credit losses	(196)	380
Provision for obsolete inventories	6,098	1,919
Impairment loss from property, plant and equipment	258	493
Product warranty	9,057	6,235
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Notes receivable	3,352	(20,647
Accounts receivable	11,813	(21,856
Inventories	(16,134)	(15,906
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	175	1,689
Amount due from/to related parties	_	85
Operating lease right-of-use assets		(19,260
Other non-current assets	33	111
Notes payable	(3,989)	19,237
Accounts payable	1,390	808
Advance from customers	167	3,230
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	(381)	(13,704
Operating lease liabilities	()	15,838
Other non-current liabilities	_	1,156
Net cash used in operating activities	 (15,025)	(63,535
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(29,858)	(67,915
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment	—	2
Net cash used in investing activities	(29,858)	(67,913
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from borrowings	26,603	13,466
Repayment of bank borrowings	(12,265)	(17,332
Loans borrowing from related parties	8,426	(17,332
Repayment of related party loans	(8,426)	
Payment for transaction fee in connection with the merger		
r ayment for transaction fee in connection with the merger	(2,327)	

MICROVAST HOLDINGS, INC. UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - continued (In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share data, or as otherwise noted)

		iths Ended ne 30,
	2021	2022
Payment to exited noncontrolling interests	(33,047)	
Issuance of convertible notes	57,500	—
Net cash generated from (used in) financing activities	36,464	(3,866)
Effect of exchange rate changes	1,050	(3,863)
Decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(7,369)	(139,177)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of the period	41,196	536,109
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of the period	\$ 33,827	\$ 396,932

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	 2021		2022		
Reconciliation to amounts on consolidated balance sheets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,367	\$	333,867		
Restricted cash	20,460		63,065		
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 33,827	\$	396,932		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 1. DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS OPERATIONS

Microvast Holdings, Inc. ("Microvast" or the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") are primarily engaged in developing, manufacturing, and selling electronic power products for electric vehicles primarily in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") and Europe.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation and use of estimates

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Security and Exchange Commission and U.S. generally accepted accounting standards ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial reporting. Accordingly, certain information and disclosures normally included in the notes to the annual financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been omitted from these interim financial statements.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2021 included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 29, 2022, which provides a more complete discussion of the Company's accounting policies and certain other information. In the opinion of the management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (which include normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair statement of financial results for the interim periods presented. The Company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading.

The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for any subsequent quarter or for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022.

The financial information as of December 31, 2021 included on the condensed consolidated balance sheets is derived from the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Except for the adoption of ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) and ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments — Credit Losses (Topic 326) on January 1, 2022, there have been no significant changes to the significant accounting policies disclosed in Note 2 of the audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 and for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020, and 2019.

Significant accounting estimates reflected in the Group's financial statements include allowance for credit losses, provision for obsolete inventories, impairment of long-lived assets, valuation allowance for deferred tax assets, product warranty, fair value measurement of warrant liability and share based compensation.

All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated upon consolidation.

On July 23, 2021 (the "Closing Date"), Tuscan Holdings Corp. ("Tuscan"), consummated the previously announced merger with Microvast, Inc., a Delaware corporation, pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") dated February 1, 2021, between Tuscan, Microvast, Inc. and TSCN Merger Sub Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Merger Sub"), pursuant to which the Merger Sub merged with and into Microvast, Inc., with Microvast, Inc. surviving the merger (the "Business Combination," and, collectively with the other transactions described in the Merger Agreement, the "Reverse Recapitalization"). As a result of the Business Combination, Tuscan was renamed "Microvast Holdings, Inc."

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Basis of presentation and use of estimates-continued

The Business Combination is accounted for as a reverse recapitalization under U.S. GAAP. This determination is primarily based on (1) Microvast, Inc.'s stockholders comprising a relative majority of the voting power of the Company and having the ability to nominate the members of the Board, (2) Microvast, Inc.'s operations prior to the acquisition comprising the only ongoing operations of the Company, and (3) Microvast, Inc.'s senior management comprising a majority of the senior management of the Company. Under this method of accounting, Tuscan is treated as the "acquired" company for financial reporting purposes. Accordingly, the financial statements of the Company represent a continuation of the financial statements of Microvast, Inc. with the Business Combination being treated as the equivalent of Microvast, Inc. issuing stock for the net assets of Tuscan, accompanied by a recapitalization. The net assets of Tuscan are stated at historical costs, with no goodwill or other intangible assets recorded and are consolidated with Microvast Inc.'s financial statements on the Closing Date. Operations prior to the Business Combination are presented as those of Microvast, Inc. The shares and net loss per share available to holders of the Company's Common Stock, prior to the Business Combination, have been retroactively restated as shares reflecting the Common Exchange Ratio established in the Business Combination Agreement.

Each of the options to purchase Microvast, Inc.'s common stock that was outstanding before the Business Combination was converted into options to acquire Common Stock by computing the number of shares and converting the exercise price based on the exchange ratio of 160.3 (the "Common Exchange Ratio").

Emerging Growth Company

Pursuant to the JOBS Act, an emerging growth company (the "EGC") may adopt new or revised accounting standards that may be issued by FASB or the SEC either (i) within the same periods as those otherwise applicable to non-EGCs or (ii) within the same time periods as private companies. The Company intends to take advantage of the exemption for complying with new or revised accounting standards within the same time periods as private companies. Accordingly, the information contained herein may be different than the information provided by other public companies.

The Company also intends to take advantage of some of the reduced regulatory and reporting requirements of EGCs pursuant to the JOBS Act so long as the Company qualifies as an EGC, including, but not limited to, an exemption from the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation, and exemptions from the requirements of holding non-binding advisory votes on executive compensation and golden parachute payments.

Revenue recognition

Nature of Goods and Services

The Group's revenue consists primarily of sales of lithium-ion batteries. The obligation of the Group is providing the electronic power products. Revenue is recognized at the point of time when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to the customer, in an amount that reflects the consideration the Group expects to be entitled to in exchange for the goods or services.

Disaggregation of revenue

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2022, the Group derived revenues from geographic regions as follows:



NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Revenue recognition-continued

	Т	hree Months	Ende	ed June 30,	 Six Months I	Ended June 30,			
		2021		2022	2021		2022		
PRC	\$	21,650	\$	33,946	\$ 32,292	\$	53,784		
Other Asia & Pacific countries		7,434		24,622	9,276		38,026		
Asia & Pacific		29,084		58,568	41,568		91,810		
Europe		4,231		4,880	6,558		7,631		
U.S.		57		966	 184		1,641		
Total	\$	33,372	\$	64,414	\$ 48,310	\$	101,082		

Contract balances

Contract balances include accounts receivable and advances from customers. Accounts receivable represent cash not received from customers and are recorded when the rights to consideration is unconditional. The allowance for credit losses reflects the best estimate of probable losses inherent to the accounts receivable balance. Contract liabilities, recorded in advance from customers in the consolidated balance sheets, represent payment received in advance or payment received related to a material right provided to a customer to acquire additional goods or services at a discount in a future period. During the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 2022, the Group recognized \$135 and \$70 of revenue previously included in advance from customers as of April 1, 2021 and April 1, 2022, respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2022, the Group recognized \$1,321 and \$549 of revenue previously included in advance from customers as of January 1, 2021 and January 1, 2022, respectively, which consist of payments received in advance related to its sales of lithium batteries.

Share-based compensation

Share-based payment transactions with employees are measured based on the grant date fair value of the equity instrument and recognized as compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period, with a corresponding impact reflected in additional paid-in capital. For share-based awards granted with performance condition, the compensation cost is recognized when it is probable that the performance condition will be achieved. The Company reassesses the probability of achieving the performance condition at the end of each reporting date and records a cumulative catch-up adjustment for any changes to its assessment. For stock options and performance-based awards with a market condition, such as awards using total shareholder return ("TSR") as a performance metric, compensation expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the estimated service period of the award, regardless of whether the market condition is satisfied. Forfeitures are recognized as they occur. Liability-classified awards are remeasured at their fair-value-based measurement as of each reporting date until settlement.

Operating leases

On January 1, 2022, the Company adopted ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842) ("ASC 842"), using the modified retrospective transition method resulting in the recording of operating lease right-of-use (ROU) assets of \$18,826 and operating lease liabilities of \$18,776 upon adoption. Prior period amounts have not been adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with the previous accounting guidance. The adoption of the new guidance did not have a material effect on the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations. As of June 30, 2022, the Company recorded operating lease right-of-use (ROU) assets of \$17,123 and operating lease liabilities of \$17,042, including current portion in the amount of \$2,106, which was recorded under accrued expenses and other current liabilities on the balance sheet.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Operating leases-continued

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease or contains a lease at lease inception. Operating leases are required to record in the statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, initially measured at the present value of the lease payments. The Company has elected the package of practical expedients, which allows the Company not to reassess (1) whether any expired or existing contracts as of the adoption date are or contain a lease, (2) lease classification for any expired or existing leases as of the adoption date and (3) initial direct costs for any expired or existing leases as of the adoption date. The Company also elected the practical expedient not to separate lease and non-lease components of contracts. Lastly, for lease assets other than real estate, such as printing machine and electronic appliances, the Company elected the short-term lease exemption as their lease terms are 12 months or less.

As the rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable, the Company estimates its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The incremental borrowing rate is estimated in a portfolio approach to approximate the interest rate on a collateralized basis with similar terms and payments in a similar economic environment. Lease expense is recorded on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Warrant Liability

The Company accounts for warrants in accordance with the guidance contained in ASC 815-40 under which the warrants do not meet the criteria for equity treatment and must be recorded as liabilities. As the Private Warrants (as defined in Note 10 - Warrants) meet the definition of a derivative as contemplated in ASC 815, the Company classifies the Private Warrants as liabilities. This liability is subject to re-measurement at each balance sheet date until exercised, and any change in fair value is recognized in the condensed statements of operations. The Private Warrants are valued using a Monte Carlo simulation model on the basis of the quoted market price of Public Warrants.

Recent accounting pronouncements adopted

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). The guidance supersedes existing guidance on accounting for leases with the main difference being that operating leases are to be recorded in the statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, initially measured at the present value of the lease payments. For operating leases with a term of 12 months or less, a lessee is permitted to make an accounting policy election not to recognize lease assets and liabilities. For public companies, the guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early application of the guidance is permitted. In July 2018, ASU 2016-02 was updated with ASU 2018-11, Targeted Improvements to ASC 842, which provides entities with relief from the costs of implementing certain aspects of the new leasing standard. Specifically, under the amendments in ASU 2018-11, (1) entities may elect not to recast the comparative periods presented when transitioning to ASC 842 and (2) lessors may elect not to separate lease and nonlease components when certain conditions are met. Before ASU 2018-11 was issued, transition to the new lease standard required application of the new guidance at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements.

As an EGC, the Company adopted this standard on January 1, 2022, and elected not to recast the comparative periods presented. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations or consolidated statements of cash flows, and the adoption of Topic 842 did not result in a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings. Further information is disclosed in Note 12 – Leases.

NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Recent accounting pronouncements adopted-continued

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments — Credit Losses (Topic 326), which requires entities to measure all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. This replaces the existing incurred loss model and is applicable to the measurement of credit losses on loans, debt securities, trade receivables, net investments in leases, off balance sheet credit exposures, reinsurance receivables, and any other financial assets not excluded from the scope that have the contractual right to receive cash. This ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2019. As an EGC, the Company adopted this standard on January 1, 2022, using a modified retrospective transition method and did not restate the comparable periods, which resulted in a cumulative-effect adjustment to decrease the opening balance of retained earnings on January 1, 2022 by \$866. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Recent accounting pronouncements not yet adopted

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06, "Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging-Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40)-Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity." The ASU simplifies accounting for convertible instruments by removing major separation models required under current GAAP. Consequently, more convertible debt instruments will be reported as a single liability instrument with no separate accounting for embedded conversion features. The ASU removes certain settlement conditions that are required for equity contracts to qualify for the derivative scope exception, which will permit more equity contracts to qualify for it. The ASU also simplifies the diluted net income per share calculation in certain areas. For SEC filers, excluding smaller reporting companies, ASU 2020-06 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021 including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, but no earlier than fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. For all other entities, ASU 2020-06 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. For all other entities, ASU 2020-06 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within that ASU 2020-06 may have on the condensed consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

NOTE 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2021			June 30, 2022
Accounts receivable	\$	93,722	\$	110,820
Allowance for credit losses		(5,005)		(5,828)
Accounts receivable, net	\$	88,717	\$	104,992

NOTE 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE-continued

Movement of allowance for credit losses was as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Mont Jun	ths Ei e 30,	ıded	
		2021		2022	2021		2022
Balance at beginning of the period	\$	4,416	\$	5,354	\$ 5,047	\$	5,005
Cumulative-effect adjustment upon adoption of ASU2016-13, Financial instruments- Credit losses (Topic 326)		_		_	_		866
Charges (Reversal) of expenses		318		925	(196)		380
Write off		(28)		(153)	(131)		(153)
Exchange difference		37		(298)	23		(270)
Balance at end of the period	\$	4,743	\$	5,828	\$ 4,743	\$	5,828

NOTE 4. INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following:

	December 31, 2021			June 30, 2022
Work in process	\$	20,760	\$	26,199
Raw materials		25,266		31,656
Finished goods		7,398		6,605
Total	\$	53,424	\$	64,460

Provision for obsolete inventories at \$5,880 and \$1,448 were recognized for the three months ended June 30, 2021 and 2022, respectively. Provision for obsolete inventories at \$6,098 and \$1,919 were recognized for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2022, respectively.

NOTE 5. ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2022
Product warranty, current	\$ 20,922	\$ 14,843
Payables for purchase of property, plant and equipment	18,500	28,755
Other current liabilities	10,636	11,676
Accrued payroll and welfare	3,476	3,987
Accrued expenses	2,444	3,591
Interest payable	1,836	1,349
Other tax payable	926	486
Operating lease liabilities, current	—	2,106
Total	\$ 58,740	\$ 66,793



NOTE 6. PRODUCT WARRANTY

Movement of product warranty was as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Mont Jun			nded	
		2021		2022		2021		2022
Balance at beginning of the period	\$	19,105	\$	51,431	\$	19,356	\$	58,458
Provided during the period		8,148		3,550		9,057		6,235
Utilized during the period		(1,710)		(8,590)		(2,870)		(18,600)
Exchange difference				(2,688)				(2,390)
Balance at end of the period	\$	25,543	\$	43,703	\$	25,543	\$	43,703

	D	ecember 31, 2021	June 30, 2022
Product warranty – current	\$	20,922	\$ 14,843
Product warranty – non-current		37,536	28,860
Total	\$	58,458	\$ 43,703

NOTE 7. BANK BORROWINGS

The Group entered into loan agreements and bank facilities with Chinese banks.

The original terms of the loans from Chinese banks range from 6 months to 12 months and the interest rates range from 4.50% to 5.25% per annum.

Changes in bank borrowings are as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2021		2022		2021		2022
Beginning balance	\$	13,156	\$	13,335	\$	12,184	\$	13,301
Proceeds from bank borrowings		13,158		13,466		26,603		13,466
Repayments of principal		_		(17,332)		(12,265)		(17,332)
Exchange difference		144		(662)		(64)		(628)
Ending balance	\$	26,458	\$	8,807	\$	26,458	\$	8,807

All balance of bank borrowings as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2022 are current borrowings.

NOTE 7. BANK BORROWINGS-continued

Certain assets of the Group have been pledged to secure the above banking facilities granted to the Group. The aggregate carrying amount of the assets pledged by the Group as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2022 are as follows:

]	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2022
Buildings	\$	31,361	\$ 7,755
Machinery and equipment		7,376	_
Land use rights		4,470	1,576
Total	\$	43,207	\$ 9,331

NOTE 8. OTHER NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

	December 31, 2021		June 30, 2022
Product warranty - non-current	\$ 37,53	6 \$	28,860
Deferred subsidy income- non-current	2,28	6	3,311
Total	\$ 39,82	2 \$	32,171

NOTE 9. BONDS PAYABLE

	Dec	ember 31, 2021	June 30, 2022
Bonds payable			
Huzhou Saiyuan Equity Investment Partnership Firm (Limited Partnership) ("Huzhou Saiyun")	\$	—	\$ 29,259
Total	\$	_	\$ 29,259
Long-term bonds payable			
Huzhou Saiyuan	\$	73,147	\$ 43,888
Total	\$	73,147	\$ 43,888



NOTE 9. BONDS PAYABLE - continued

Convertible Bonds issued to Huzhou Saiyuan

On December 29, 2018, MPS signed an agreement with Huzhou Saiyuan, an entity established by the local government, to issue convertible bonds to Huzhou Saiyuan for a total consideration of \$87,776 (RMB600 million). The Company pledged its 12.39% equity holding over MPS to Huzhou Saiyuan to facilitate the issuance of convertible bonds. As of June 30, 2022, the subscription and outstanding balance of the convertible bonds was \$73,147 (RMB500 million).

If the subscribed bonds are not repaid by the maturity date, Huzhou Saiyuan has the right to dispose of the equity interests pledged by the Company in proportion to the amount of matured bonds, or convert the bond to the equity interests of MPS within 60 days after the maturity date. If Huzhou Saiyuan decides to convert the bonds to equity interests of MPS, the equity interests pledged would be released and the convertible bonds should be converted to the equity interest of MPS based on the entity value of MPS at \$950,000.

On September 28, 2020, MPS signed a supplemental agreement for extension on repayment of convertible bonds to Huzhou Saiyuan, and the terms on repayments and interests are as follows:

Issuance Date	Subscribed Amount	Maturity Date	Repayment Amount	Annual Interest Rate
February 1, 2019	\$29,259 (RMB200 million)	June 30, 2023	\$29,259 (RMB200 million)	3%~4%
December 31, 2018	\$29,259 (RMB200 million)	April 28, 2024	\$14,629 (RMB100 million)	0%~4%
		July 11, 2024	\$7,315 (RMB50 million)	0%~4%
		October 1, 2024	\$7,315 (RMB50 million)	0%~4%
January 1, 2020	\$14,629 (RMB100 million)	April 13, 2026	\$14,629 (RMB100 million)	3%~4%

An additional one year extension could be granted to the Group if the Group submits a written application before the extended maturity date.

Convertible Notes at Fair Value (the "Bridge Notes")

On January 4, 2021, the Company entered into a note purchase agreement to issue \$57,500 convertible promissory notes to certain investors, fully due and payable on the third anniversary of the initial closing date. The notes bore no interest, provided, however, if a liquidity event ("Liquidity Event") had not occurred prior to June 30, 2022, an interest rate of 6% would be applied retrospectively from the date of initial closing. The conversion of the promissory notes was contingent upon the occurrence of a Private Investment in Public Equity ("PIPE") financing, a Liquidity Event or a new financing after June 30, 2022 but before the maturity date ("Next Financing").

The fair value option was elected for the measurement of the convertible notes. Changes in fair value, a loss of \$3,243 and \$6,843 were recorded in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively.

On July 23, 2021, upon the completion of the Business Combination between Microvast, Inc. and Tuscan, the convertible promissory notes were converted into 6,736,106 shares of Common Stock of the combined company.

NOTE 10. WARRANTS

The Company assumed 27,600,000 publicly-traded warrants ("Public Warrants") and 837,000 private placement warrants issued to Tuscan Holdings Acquisition LLC (the "Sponsor") and EarlyBirdCapital, Inc. ("EarlyBirdCapital") ("Private Warrants" and together with the Public Warrants, the "Warrants") upon the Business Combination, all of which were issued in connection with Tuscan's initial public offering (other than 150,000 Private Warrants that were issued in connection with the closing of the Business Combination) and entitle the holder to purchase one share of the Company's Common Stock at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, none of Public Warrants and Private Warrants were exercised.

The Public Warrants became exercisable 30 days after the completion of the Business Combination. No Warrants will be exercisable for cash unless the Company registered Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrants with the SEC. Since the registration of shares was not completed within 90 days following the Business Combination, warrant holders may exercise Warrants on a net-share settlement basis. The Public Warrants will expire five years after the completion of the Business Combination or earlier upon redemption or liquidation.

Once the Public Warrants became exercisable, the Company may redeem the Public Warrants:

- in whole and not in part;
- at a price of \$0.01 per warrant;
- upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice of redemption;
- if, and only if, the reported last sale price of the Company's Common Stock equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share for any 20-trading days within a 30-trading day period ending on the third business day prior to the notice of redemption to the warrant holders; and
- if, and only if, there is a current registration statement in effect with respect to the shares of Common Stock underlying the warrants.

If the Company calls the Public Warrants for redemption, management will have the option to require all holders that wish to exercise the Public Warrants to do so on a net-share settlement basis.

The Private Warrants are identical to the Public Warrants, except that the Private Warrants will be exercisable for cash or on a net-share settlement basis, at the holder's option, and be non-redeemable so long as they are held by the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees. If the Private Warrants are held by someone other than the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees, the Private Warrants will be redeemable by the Company and exercisable by such holders on the same basis as the Public Warrants. In addition, so long as the Private Warrants are held by EarlyBirdCapital and its designee, the Private Warrants will expire five years from the effective date of the Business Combination.

The exercise price and number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of the Warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a stock dividend, or recapitalization, reorganization, merger or consolidation. However, the Warrants will not be adjusted for issuance of Common Stock at a price below its exercise price. Additionally, in no event will the Company be required to net cash settle the Warrants.

The private warrant liability was remeasured at fair value as of June 30, 2022, resulting in a gain of \$1,255 and \$820 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, classified within change in fair value of warrant liability in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations, respectively.

NOTE 10. WARRANTS - continued

The Private Warrants were valued using the following assumptions under the Monte Carlo Model that assumes optimal exercise of the Company's redemption option at the earliest possible date:

	·	June 30, 2022
Market price of public stock	\$	2.22
Exercise price	\$	11.50
Expected term (years)		4.07
Volatility		65.65 %
Risk-free interest rate		2.96 %
Dividend rate		0.00 %

The market price of public stock is the quoted market price of the Company's Common Stock as of the valuation date. The exercise price is extracted from the warrant agreements. The expected term is derived from the exercisable years based on the warrant agreements. The expected volatility is a blend of implied volatility from the Company's own public warrant pricing and the average volatility of peer companies. The risk-free interest rate was estimated based on the market yield of US Government Bond with maturity close to the expected term of the warrants. The dividend yield was estimated by the Company based on its expected dividend policy over the expected term of the warrants.

NOTE 11. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Measured or disclosed at fair value on a recurring basis

The Group measured its financial assets and liabilities, including cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and warrant liability at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2022. Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy because they are valued based on the quoted market price in an active market. The fair value of the warrant liability is based on significant unobservable inputs, which represent Level 3 measurements within the fair value hierarchy. In determining the fair value of the warrant liability, the Company used the Monte Carlo Model that assumes optimal exercise of the Company's redemption option at the earliest possible date. See Note 10 – Warrants.

As of December 31, 2021 and June 30, 2022, information about inputs for the fair value measurements of the Group's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis in periods subsequent to their initial recognition is as follow:

	Fair Value Measurement as of December 31, 2021						
(In thousands)	1	Duoted Prices in Active Market Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	480,931	—	—	\$	480,931	
Restricted cash		55,178	—	—		55,178	
Total financial asset	\$	536,109	_	_	\$	536,109	
Warrant liability	\$	_		1,105	\$	1,105	
Total financial liability	\$	—		1,105	\$	1,105	



NOTE 11. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT - continued

Measured or disclosed at fair value on a recurring basis-continued

	Fair Value Measurement as of June 30, 2022						
(In thousands)	À	uoted Prices in Active Market Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	333,867		_	\$	333,867	
Restricted cash	\$	63,065	—	—	\$	63,065	
Total financial asset	\$	396,932			\$	396,932	
Warrant liability	\$			285	\$	285	
Total financial liability	\$	_		285	\$	285	

The following is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for Level 3 convertible notes during the six months ended June 30, 2021:

(In thousands)	Con	vertible Notes
Balance as of December 31, 2020	\$	—
Issuance of convertible notes	\$	57,500
Changes in fair value of convertible notes	\$	6,843
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	64,343

The following is a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances for Level 3 warrant liability during the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

(In thousands)	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2021		2022
Balance at the beginning of the period		— \$	1,105
Changes in fair value			(820)
Balance at end of the period	\$	— \$	285

Measured or disclosed at fair value on a nonrecurring basis

The Group measured the long-lived assets using the income approach—discounted cash flow method, when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may no longer be recoverable.

NOTE 12. LEASES

The Group has operating leases for office spaces and warehouses. Certain leases include renewal options and/or termination options, which are factored into the Group's determination of lease payments when appropriate.

Operating lease cost for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 were \$764 and \$1,547, which excluded cost of short-term contracts. Short-term lease cost for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 were \$101 and \$209.

NOTE 12. LEASES - continued

As of June 30, 2022, the weighted average remaining lease term was 11.9 years and weighted average discount rate was 4.9% for the Group's operating leases.

Supplemental cash flow information of the leases were as follows:

	ended June 30, 2022
Cash payments for operating leases	\$ 1,589
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	\$ 429

The following is a maturity analysis of the annual undiscounted cash flows for lease liabilities as of June 30, 2022:

	As of Ju	une 30, 2022
Six months period ending December 31, 2022	\$	1,518
2023	\$	2,635
2024	\$	1,988
2025	\$	1,486
2026	\$	1,465
2027	\$	1,465
Thereafter	\$	11,840
Total future lease payments	\$	22,397
Less: Imputed interest	\$	(5,355)
Present value of operating lease liabilities	\$	17,042

NOTE 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT

On July 21, 2021, the Company adopted the Microvast Holdings, Inc. 2021 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2021 Plan"), effective upon the Closing Date. The 2021 Plan provides for the grant of incentive and non-qualified stock option, restricted stock units, restricted share awards, stock appreciation awards, and cash-based awards to employees, directors, and consultants of the Company. Options awarded under the 2021 Plan expire no more than 10 years from the date of grant. Concurrently with the closing of the Business Combination, the share awards granted under 2012 Share Incentive Plan of Microvast, Inc. (the "2012 Plan") were rolled over by removing original performance conditions and converting into options and capped non-vested share units with modified vesting schedules, using the Common Exchange Ratio of 160.3. The 2021 Plan reserved 5% of the fully-diluted shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately following the Closing Date plus the shares underlying awards rolled over from the 2012 Plan for issuance in accordance with the 2021 Plan's terms.

On April 14, 2022, the Chief Financial Officer's ("Former CFO") employment with the Company terminated. Simultaneously, a transition services agreement was entered into between the Company and the Former CFO for providing advisory services with an initial term of 18 months commencing on the date of employment termination. Upon the employment termination, all 1,122,100 stock options and 2,860,713 capped non-vested share units held by the Former CFO were immediately vested in full, with \$4,897 cash payment to the Former CFO related to the settlement of capped non-vested share units. The stock options remain exercisable until three months following the termination of his transition services. With the continuous advisory services, the Former CFO is an eligible person rendering services under the 2012 Plan, and the accelerated vesting and extended exercise period of stock option were in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Former CFO's employment agreement and stock option award agreement. As such, the changes are not considered a modification under ASC 718. During the three months ended June 30, 2022, \$16,778 of share-based compensation expense was recognized in connection with the vesting of the Former CFO's awards.



NOTE 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT - continued

Stock options

On April 14, 2022 and June 7, 2022, the Company granted 1,800,000 and 600,000 stock options to two new executive officers and two employees, subject to service conditions, respectively. The service conditions require the participant's continued employment with the Company through the applicable vesting dates.

The grant date fair value of the stock options was determined using the Black Scholes model with the following assumptions:

	Siz	Six months ended June 3 2022		
Exercise price	\$	4.18 ~ \$	5.69	
Expected terms (years)		6.00		
Volatility		56.16 % ~	57.84 %	
Risk-free interest rate		2.79 % ~	2.97 %	
Expected dividend yields		0.00%		
Weighted average fair value of options granted	\$	2.31 ~\$	3.19	

Exercise price was extracted from option agreements. The expected terms for each award were derived using the simplified method, and is estimated to occur at the midpoint of the vesting date and the expiration date. The volatility of the underlying common stock during the lives of the options was estimated based on the historical stock price volatility of comparable listed companies over a period comparable to the expected term of the options. Risk-free interest rate was estimated based on the market yield of US Government Bond with maturity close to the expected term of the options. The dividend yield was estimated by the Company based on its expected dividend policy over the expected term of the options.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company recorded share-based compensation expense of \$18,332 and \$31,962 related to the option awards, respectively.

Stock options activity for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2022 was as follows (all stock award activity was retroactively restated to reflect the conversion in July 2021):

Stock options life	Number of Shares	ighted Average xercise Price (US\$)	eighted Average Grant Date air Value (US\$)	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life
Outstanding as of December 31, 2020	34,737,967	\$ 6.19	\$ 2.92	9.0
Forfeited	(1,041,950)	6.28	2.97	
Outstanding as of June 30, 2021	33,696,017	\$ 6.19	\$ 2.92	8.5
Expected to vest and exercisable as of June 30, 2021	33,696,017	\$ 6.19	\$ 2.92	8.5
Outstanding as of December 31, 2021	33,503,657	6.19	4.95	7.9
Grant	2,400,000	5.31	2.97	
Vested	(1,122,100)	6.28	5.29	
Forfeited	(120,225)	6.28	4.92	
Outstanding as of June 30, 2022	34,661,332	\$ 6.13	\$ 4.83	7.3
Expected to vest and exercisable as of June 30, 2022	34,661,332	\$ 6.13	\$ 4.83	7.3



NOTE 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT - continued

Stock options-continued

The total unrecognized equity-based compensation costs as of June 30, 2022 related to the stock options was \$117,172, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.1 years. The aggregate intrinsic value of the stock options as of June 30, 2022 was \$0.

Capped Non-vested share units

The capped non-vested share units ("CRSUs") represent rights for the holder to receive cash determined by the number of shares granted multiplied by the lower of the fair market value and the capped price, which will be settled in the form of cash payments. The CRSUs were accounted for as liability classified awards.

On June 27, 2022, the Board of Directors and Compensation Committee approved a modification of the settlement terms of 20,023,699 CRSUs under the 2021 Plan from cash settlement to share settlement (the "Modification"). Pursuant to the Modification, on each vesting date, if the stock price is higher than the capped price, the number of shares to be issued will be calculated based on the following formula:

Number of shares to be issued = Capped price* Number of shares vested /Vesting date stock price

If the stock price is equal or less than the capped price, the Company will grant a fix number of shares on each vesting date based on the vesting schedule. All other terms of the CRSUs remain unchanged. The Modification resulted in a change of awards' classification from liability to equity, as the predominant feature of the modified CRSUs was considered to be granting a fixed number of shares on each vesting date instead of a fixed monetary amount. The determination of the predominant feature was based on the estimated probability of how the awards will be settled using the Monte Carlo model.

At the Modification date, the Company reclassified the amounts previously recorded as a share-based compensation liability to additional paid-in capital. The modified CRSUs were accounted for as an equity award going forward from the date of the Modification with compensation expenses recognized for each tranche at the fair value measured on the modification date.

At the Modification date, the Company used the Monte Carlo valuation model in determining the fair value of the CRSUs with assumptions as follows:

	Modification Date
Expected term (years)	0.07 ~ 2.07
Volatility	50.93 % ~ 73.89 %
Risk-free interest rate	1.15 % ~ 3.05 %
Expected dividend yields	0.00%

Expected term was the time left (in years) from the Modification date to the vesting date based on award agreements. The volatility of the underlying common stock was estimated based on the historical stock price volatility of comparable listed companies over a period comparable to the expected term of the awards. Risk-free interest rate was estimated based on the market yield of US Government Bonds with maturity close to the expected term of the awards. The dividend yield was estimated by the Company based on its expected dividend policy over the expected term of the awards.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company recorded share-based compensation expense of \$11,154 and \$25,113 related to these CRSUs awards.

NOTE 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT - continued

CRSUs' activity for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2022 was as follows (all award activity was retroactively restated to reflect the conversion in July 2021):

	Number on Non-Vested Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value per Share (US\$)		
Outstanding as of December 31, 2020	23,027,399	\$ 0.9	13	
Outstanding as of June 30, 2021	23,027,399	\$ 0.9	13	
Outstanding as of December 31, 2021	23,027,399	\$ 8.7	′4 ¹	
Vested	(2,860,713)	\$ 8.7	/4	
Outstanding as of June 30, 2022	20,166,686	\$ 2.4	7	

The total unrecognized equity-based compensation costs as of June 30, 2022 related to the non-vested share units was \$20,212.

Restricted Stock Units

Following the Business Combination, the Company granted 437,377 restricted stock units ("RSUs") and 1,274,222 performance-based restricted stock unit ("PSU") awards subject to service, performance and/or market conditions. The service condition requires the participant's continued services or employment with the Company through the applicable vesting date, and the performance condition requires the achievement of the performance criteria defined in the award agreement. The market condition is based on the Company's TSR relative to a comparator group during a specified performance period.

The fair value of RSUs is determined by the market closing price of Common Stock at the grant date and is amortized over the vesting period on a straightline basis. The fair value of PSUs that include vesting based on market conditions are estimated using the Monte Carlo valuation method. For PSU awards with performance conditions, share-based compensation expense is only recognized if the performance conditions become probable to be satisfied. Compensation cost for these awards is amortized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period based on the grant date fair value, regardless of whether the market condition is satisfied. Accordingly, the Company recorded share-based compensation expense of \$360 and \$704 related to these RSUs, \$673 and \$1,032 related to these PSUs during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022.

¹ The amount represents the modification date value per share as of July 25, 2021. As of the modification date, the settled price was the capped price as described above.



NOTE 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT - continued

The following assumptions were used for respective period to calculate the fair value of common stock to be issued under TSR awards on the date of grant using the Monte Carlo model:

	Six months ended June 30, 2022
Expected term (years)	2.68
Volatility	59.50 %
Risk-free interest rate	2.72 %
Expected dividend yields	0.00 %

Expected term was derived based on the remaining time from the grant date through the end of the performance period. The volatility of the underlying common stock during the lives of the awards was estimated based on the historical stock price volatility of comparable listed companies over a period comparable to the expected term of the awards. Risk-free interest rate was estimated based on the market yield of US Government Bond with maturity close to the expected term of the awards. The dividend yield was estimated by the Company based on its expected dividend policy over the expected term of the awards.

The non-vested shares activity for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2022 was as follows:

	Number of Non-Vested Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share (US\$)
Outstanding as of December 31, 2020	_	
Outstanding as of June 30, 2021	—	—
Outstanding as of December 31, 2021	671,441	9.08
Grant	983,999	\$ 5.64
Vested	(16,250)	\$ 8.52
Forfeited	(26,802)	\$ 8.26
Outstanding as of June 30, 2022	1,612,388	\$ 7.00

The total unrecognized equity-based compensation costs as of June 30, 2022 related to the non-vested shares was \$9,056.

NOTE 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT - continued

The following summarizes the classification of share-based compensation:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2022	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022		
Cost of revenues	\$ 1,882	\$	3,816	
General and administrative expenses	24,558		42,694	
Research and development expenses	2,649		7,788	
Selling and marketing expenses	1,328		4,249	
Construction in process	102		264	
Total	\$ 30,519	\$	58,811	

NOTE 14. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Name	Relationship with the Group
Ochem Chemical Co., Ltd ("Ochem")	Controlled by CEO
Ochemate Material Technologies Co., Ltd ("Ochemate")	Controlled by CEO

(1) Related party transaction

	Three Month	s Ended June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2021	2022	2021	2022		
Raw material sold to Ochem	\$ 13	\$ _	\$ 293	\$ —		

(2) Interest-free loans

MPS received certain interest-free loans from related parties, Ochemate and Ochem, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2022 with accumulative amounts of \$4,184 and \$0, \$8,426 and \$0, respectively.

The outstanding balance for the amount due from Ochem was \$85 as of December 31, 2021 and \$0 as of June 30, 2022, respectively.

NOTE 15. NET LOSS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 2021		2022		2021		2022
Numerator:							
Net loss attributable to common stock shareholders	\$ (39,148)	\$	(44,182)	\$	(67,461)	\$	(87,958)
Denominator:							
Weighted average common stock used in computing basic and							
diluted net loss per share	99,028,297		300,565,515		99,028,297		299,709,069
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.40)	\$	(0.15)	\$	(0.68)	\$	(0.29)

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2022, the following Common Stock outstanding were excluded from the calculation of diluted net loss per share, as their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive for the periods prescribed.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ende	June 30,	
	2021	2022	2021	2022	
Shares issuable upon exercise of stock options	33,772,485	34,145,152	33,986,646	33,815,815	
Shares issuable upon vesting of non-vested shares	—	1,347,060	—	1,011,788	
Shares issuable upon vesting of Capped non-vested shares	—	660,122	_	331,885	
Shares issuable upon exercise of warrants	—	28,437,000	—	28,437,000	
Shares issuable upon conversion of Series B2 Preferred	8,545,490		8,545,490		
Shares issuable upon conversion of Series C1 Preferred	26,757,258	_	26,757,258	_	
Shares issuable upon conversion of Series C2 Preferred	20,249,450	—	20,249,450		
Shares issuable upon conversion of Series D1 Preferred	22,311,516	_	22,311,516	_	
Shares issuable upon conversion of Series D2 Preferred	16,432,674		16,432,674		
Shares issuable upon conversion of non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	17,253,182	_	17,253,182	_	
Shares issuable upon vesting of Earn-out shares	_	19,999,988	_	19,999,988	
Shares issuable that may be subject to cancellation		1,687,500		1,687,500	



NOTE 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

<u>Matthew Smith</u>

On September 4, 2017, Matthew Smith, a former employee of the Company, sent a demand letter to the Company alleging claims for breach of contract (involving stock options) and discrimination. On October 5, 2017, Mr. Smith filed a charge of discrimination with the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (the "EEOC") alleging the same discrimination claims and also claiming his employment was terminated in retaliation for his prior discrimination complaints. On September 18, 2019, the EEOC dismissed Mr. Smith's claim in its entirety and stated that "No finding is made as to any other issues that might be constructed as having been raised by this charge."

On February 5, 2018, Mr. Smith filed suit against the Company asserting claims for breach of contract and asserting discrimination and retaliation claims. In this action, Mr. Smith seeks the following relief: (1) a declaration that he owns 2,600 ordinary shares (the equivalent of 416,780 shares following the Business Combination) and (2) various damages and other equitable remedies over \$1,000. The Company has denied all allegations and wrongful conduct. A trial is currently expected to begin in late summer 2022.

The outcome of any litigation is inherently uncertain and the amount of potential loss, if any, associated with the resolution of such litigation, cannot be reasonably estimated. As such, no accrual for contingency loss was recorded in the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2022.

Capital commitments

Capital commitments for construction of property and purchase of property, plant and equipment were \$261,847 as of June 30, 2022, which is mainly for the construction of lithium battery production lines.

NOTE 17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

<u>New Equity Awards</u>

On July 1, 2022, the Company granted 255,855 RSUs to the non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors, in accordance with the Company's director compensation policy and subject to each director's continued service with the Company through the applicable vesting dates.

On July 7, 2022, the Company granted 500,000 stock options to an employee with an exercise price of \$2.41, subject to performance and service conditions. The service condition requires the participant's continued employment with the Company through the applicable vesting dates and the performance condition requires the achievement of the performance criteria defined in the award agreement.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

References in this Report to the "Company," "Microvast Holdings, Inc.," "Microvast," "our," "us" or "we" refer to Microvast Holdings, Inc. The following discussion and analysis of the Company's financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim condensed financial statements and the notes thereto contained elsewhere in this report. Certain information contained in the discussion and analysis set forth below includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties.

Business

We are a technology innovator for lithium ion batteries. We design, develop and manufacture battery systems for electric vehicles and energy storage that feature ultra-fast charging capabilities, long life and superior safety. Our vision is to solve the key constraints in electric vehicle development and in high-performance energy storage applications. We believe the ultra-fast charging capabilities of our battery systems make charging electric vehicles as convenient as fueling conventional vehicles. We believe that the long battery life of our battery systems also reduces the total cost of ownership of electric vehicles and energy storage applications.

We offer our customers a broad range of cell chemistries: lithium titanate oxide ("LTO"), lithium iron phosphate ("LFP"), nickel manganese cobalt version 1 ("NMC-1") and nickel manganese cobalt version 2 ("NMC-2"). Based on our customer's application, we design, develop and integrate the preferred chemistry into our cell, module and pack manufacturing capabilities. Our strategic priority is to offer these battery solutions for commercial vehicles and energy storage systems. We define commercial vehicles as light, medium, heavy-duty trucks, buses, trains, mining trucks, marine applications, automated guided and specialty vehicles. For energy storage applications, we focus on high-performance applications such as grid management and frequency regulation.

Additionally, as a vertically integrated battery company, we design, develop and manufacture the following battery components: cathode, anode, electrolyte and separator. We also intend to market our full concentration gradient ("FCG") cathode and polyamide separator to passenger car original equipment manufacturers ("OEMs") and consumer electronics manufacturers.

As of June 30, 2022, we had a backlog order of approximately \$105.3 million for our battery systems, equivalent to approximately 299.5 megawatt hours ("MWh"), compared to a backlog order of approximately \$69.3 million for our battery systems, equivalent to approximately 229.2 MWh, as of June 30, 2021. The backlog increase was a result of increased customer demand for our products. Our revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2022 increased \$52.8 million, or 109.2%, compared to the same period in 2021.

After initially focusing on the Asia & Pacific regions, we have expanded and continue to expand our presence and product promotion to Europe and the U.S. to capitalize on their rapidly growing electrification markets. We have many prototype projects ongoing with regard to sports cars, commercial vehicles, trucks, port equipment and marine applications with customers in the Western Hemisphere. In addition, we are jointly developing electric power-train solutions with leading commercial vehicle OEMs and a first-tier automotive supplier using LTO, NMC-1 and NMC-2 technologies.

Completion of the Business Combination

On July 23, 2021, Microvast Holdings, Inc. (formerly known as Tuscan Holdings Corp.) consummated the previously announced acquisition of Microvast, Inc., a Delaware corporation, pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger dated February 1, 2021, between Tuscan Holdings Corp., Microvast and TSCN Merger Sub Inc., a Delaware corporation ("Merger Sub"), pursuant to which Merger Sub merged with and into Microvast, with Microvast surviving the merger (the "Business Combination").

Key Factors Affecting Our Performance

We believe that our future success will be dependent on several factors, including the factors discussed below. While these areas represent opportunities for us, they also represent challenges and risks that we must successfully address in order to continue the growth of our business and improve our results of operations.



Technology and Product Innovation

Our financial performance is driven by development and sales of new products with innovative technology. Our ability to develop innovative technology has been and will continue to be dependent on our dedicated research team. As part of our efforts to develop innovative technology, in October 2021, we expanded our research and development ("R&D") in Orlando by purchasing a 75,000 square foot facility dedicated to R&D. We plan to continue expanding our R&D presence in the U.S. We also plan to continue leveraging our knowledge base in the PRC and to continue expanding our R&D efforts there as well. We expect our results of operations will continue to be impacted by our ability to develop new products with improved performance and reduced ownership cost, as well as the cost of our R&D efforts.

Market Demand

Our revenue and profitability depend substantially on the demand for battery systems and battery components, which is driven by the growth of the commercial and passenger electric vehicle and energy storage markets. Many factors contribute to the development of the electric vehicles sector, including product innovation, general economic and political conditions, environmental concerns, energy demand, government support and economic incentives and mandates can drive market demand for electric vehicles, and as a result, battery systems and components, governmental economic incentives are being gradually reduced or eliminated. Any reduction or elimination of governmental economic incentives and adversely affect our financial performance.

Manufacturing Capacity

Our growth depends on being able to meet anticipated demand for our products. In order to do this, we will need to increase our manufacturing capacity. As of June 30, 2022, we had a backlog of approximately \$105.3 million for our battery systems, equivalent to approximately 299.5 MWh. So far, we have used \$87.9 million and \$67.9 million of the proceeds from the Business Combination to expand our manufacturing facilities and for the purchase of property and equipment associated with our existing manufacturing and R&D facilities, in 2021 and first two quarters of 2022, respectively. This investment program allows us to increase our manufacturing output, enabling us to address our backlog and to capture growing market opportunities. We expect the total capital expenditures related to these capacity expansions in Huzhou, China and Clarksville, Tennessee, which will give us an additional 4 GWh of capacity, to be in the range of \$450.0 million to \$470.0 million.

Future capacity expansions will be carried out in a measured manner based on our ongoing assessment of medium- and long-term demand for our solutions. Any such capacity expansions will require significant additional capital expenditures and will require corresponding expansion of our supporting infrastructure, further development of our sales and marketing team, expansion of our customer base and strengthened quality control.

Sales Geographic Mix

After primarily being focused on the Asia & Pacific regions, we have expanded and are continuing to expand our presence and product promotion to Europe and the U.S. to capitalize on the rapidly growing electric vehicle markets in those geographies. As we continue to expand our geographic focus to Europe and the U.S., we believe sales of our products in Europe and the U.S. will continue to generate higher gross margins because average sales prices for customers in the U.S. and Europe are typically significantly higher than the average sales prices in the PRC. It has been our experience that buyers in Europe and the U.S. are more motivated by the technologies, and the quality of our products than are buyers in the PRC, making them less sensitive to the price of our products than are similarly situated buyers in the PRC. Therefore, the geographic source of our revenue will have an impact on our revenue and gross margins.

Manufacturing Costs

Our profitability may also be affected by our ability to effectively manage our manufacturing costs. Our manufacturing costs are affected by fluctuations in the price of raw materials. If raw material prices increase, we will have to offset these higher costs either through price increases to our customers or through productivity improvements. Our ability to control our raw materials costs is also dependent on our ability to negotiate with our suppliers for a better price and our ability to source raw materials from reliable suppliers in a cost-efficient manner. In addition, we expect that an increase in our sales volume will enable us to lower our manufacturing costs through economies of scale.

Regulatory Landscape

We operate in an industry that is subject to many established environmental regulations, which have generally become more stringent over time, particularly with respect to hazardous waste generation and disposal and pollution control. These regulations affect the cost of our products and our gross margins. We are also affected by regulations in our target markets such as economic incentives to purchasers of electric vehicles, tax credits for electric vehicle manufacturers, and economic penalties that may apply to a car manufacturer based on its fleet-wide emissions. Each of these regulations may expand the market size of electric vehicles, which would, in turn, benefit us. We have operations and sales in the Asia & Pacific region, Europe and the U.S. and, as a result, changes in trade restrictions and tariffs could impact our ability to meet projected sales or margins.

COVID-19

To date, COVID-19 has had an adverse impact on our sales and operations. During the six months ended June 30, 2022, we continued to face unanticipated challenges caused by the continued impact of global pandemic and emerging variants of the virus, in particular due to new lockdowns and restrictive measures in Shanghai, China. The most recent lockdown measures in China began in March 2022 and have not yet directly impacted our manufacturing facility in Huzhou, China (located in a neighboring province to Shanghai). However, these lockdowns have impacted the operations of certain third-party suppliers, our ability to book transportation of goods to, from and through Shanghai (a major port), and the restrictive measures have further disrupted supply chains across many industries around the globe. These and future lockdown measures may impact our ability to produce and/or timely deliver goods and services to our clients globally and further disruptions to supply chains in the automotive industry may continue to reduce and/or delay our customers' demand for our products and services.

Basis of Presentation

We currently conduct our business through one operating segment. Our historical results are reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP and in U.S. dollars.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Since inception, we have financed our operations primarily from capital contributions from equity holders, the issuance of convertible notes and bank borrowings. We expect existing cash, cash equivalents, short-term marketable securities, and cash flows from operations and financing activities to continue to be sufficient to fund our operating activities and cash commitments for investing and financing activities for at least the next 12 months and thereafter for the foreseeable future.

As of June 30, 2022, our principal sources of liquidity were our cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$333.9 million.

The consolidated net cash position as of June 30, 2022 included cash and cash equivalents of \$16.2 million, \$8.7 million and \$0.5 million held by our PRC, German and UK subsidiaries, respectively, that is not available to fund domestic operations unless funds are repatriated. Should we need to repatriate to the U.S. part or all of the funds held by our international subsidiaries in the form of a dividend, we would need to accrue and pay withholding taxes. We do not intend to pay any cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future and intend to retain all of the available funds and any future earnings for use in the operation and expansion of our business in the PRC, Europe and the U.S.

We continue to assess the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic as well as the Russia/Ukraine crisis on our operations. The extent to which the COVID-19 pandemic will impact our business and operations will depend on future developments that are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with confidence, such as the continuing spread of the infection, new and emerging variants of the virus, the duration of the pandemic, and the effectiveness of actions taken in the U.S. and other countries to contain and treat the disease. The extent to which the Russia/Ukraine crisis will impact our business and operations will also depend on future developments that are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with confidence, including restrictive actions that have been and may be taken in the future by the U.S. and/or other countries, such as sanctions or export controls, and the duration of the conflict.

Financings

As of June 30, 2022, we had bank borrowings of \$8.8 million, the terms of which range from 6 months to 12 months. The interest rates of our bank borrowings ranged from 4.50% to 5.25% per annum. As of June 30, 2022, we had convertible bonds of \$73.1 million, with interest rates ranging from 0% to 4%. The convertible bonds are due as follows: \$29.2 million in 2023; \$29.2 million in 2024; and \$14.7 million in 2026. As of June 30, 2022, we were in compliance with all material terms and covenants of our loan agreements, credit agreements, bonds and notes.

On July 23, 2021, we received \$708.4 million from the completion of the Business Combination, \$705.1 million net of transaction costs paid by Microvast, Inc. We have used \$155.8 million of the net proceeds from the Business Combination to expand our manufacturing facilities and for the purchase of property and equipment associated with our existing manufacturing and R&D facilities. \$73.1 million of the net proceeds were used for working capital as of June 30, 2022. For the rest of 2022, we plan to spend an additional \$180.0 million to \$220.0 million on capacity expansions at our facilities with the timing of payments being linked to various agreed milestones with our third-party contractors.

We believe we will be able to meet our working capital requirements for at least the next 12 months and fund our expansion plans with proceeds from the Business Combination.

Capital expenditures and other contractual obligations

Our future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including, but not limited to, funding for planned production capacity expansion and general working capital. We believe the proceeds from the Business Combination will be sufficient to cover our planned expansions and our general working capital needs. In addition, we may in the future enter into arrangements to acquire or invest in complementary businesses or technologies. We may need to seek additional equity or debt financing in order to meet these future capital requirements. If we are unable to raise additional capital when desired, or on terms that are acceptable to us, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

Lease Commitments

We lease certain facilities and equipment under non-cancellable lease agreements that expire at various dates through 2036. For additional information, see Note 12 – Leases, in the notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Report on Form 10-Q.

Capital Expenditures

In 2021, we started our capacity expansion plans in Huzhou, China, Berlin, Germany and Clarksville, Tennessee. The project in Germany was completed in 2021, and the Huzhou, China and Clarksville, Tennessee projects are expected to be completed in 2023. The completion of these projects is expected to increase our existing production capacity by 4 GWh once operational. We expect the total capital expenditures related to these capacity expansions in Huzhou, China and Clarksville, Tennessee to be in the range of \$450.0 million to \$470.0 million, which we plan to finance primarily through the proceeds from the Business Combination, which we believe will be sufficient to cover all of the disclosed and estimated costs.

Our planned capital expenditures are based on management's current estimates and may be subject to change. There can be no assurance that we will execute our capital expenditure plans as contemplated at or below-estimated costs, and we may also from time-to-time determine to undertake additional capital projects and incur additional capital expenditures. As a result, actual capital expenditures in future years may be more or less than the amounts shown.

There have not been any other material changes during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 to our contractual obligations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

Cash Flows

The following table provides a summary of our cash flow data for the periods indicated:

	Six Months Ende	ed June 30,
	2021	2022
Amount in thousands		
Net cash used in operating activities	(15,025)	(63,535)
Net cash used in investing activities	(29,858)	(67,913)
Net cash generated from (used in) financing activities	36,464	(3,866)

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, our operating activities used \$63.5 million in cash. This decrease in cash consisted of (1) a net loss of \$88.0 million and non-cash charges of \$73.7 million, of which \$10.4 million is depreciation of property, plant and equipment, \$53.7 million is non-cash share-based compensation expense and \$0.8 million is gain on change in fair value of warrant; and (2) a \$49.2 million decrease in cash flows from operating assets and liabilities including \$42.5 million cash outflow due to the net increase of accounts receivable and notes receivable and \$15.9 million increase in accrued and other liabilities and prepaid expense and other current assets, partially offset by \$20.0 million increase in accounts payable and \$1.2 million cash inflow from other operating assets and liabilities.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, cash used in investing activities totaled \$67.9 million. This cash outflow primarily consisted of capital expenditures related to the expansion of our manufacturing facilities and to the purchase of property and equipment associated with our existing manufacturing and R&D facilities.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, cash used in financing activities totaled \$3.9 million. This cash outflow was a result of \$17.3 million repayment on bank borrowings partially offset by \$13.4 million proceeds from bank borrowings.

Components of Results of Operations

Revenues

We derive revenue from the sales of our electric battery products, including LpTO, LpCO, MpCo and HnCo battery power systems. While we have historically marketed and sold our products primarily in the PRC, we have expanded and are continuing to expand our sales presence internationally. The following table sets forth a breakdown of our revenue by major geographic regions in which our customers are located, for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended June 30,						
	 20		2022				
(In thousands)	Amt	%		Amt	%		
PRC	\$ 21,650	65 %	\$	33,946	53 %		
Other Asia & Pacific countries	7,434	22 %		24,622	38 %		
Asia & Pacific	29,084	87 %		58,568	91 %		
Europe	4,231	13 %		4,880	8 %		
U.S.	57	<u> </u>		966	1 %		
Total	\$ 33,372	100 %	\$	64,414	100 %		



	Six Months Ended June 30,						
	2021				2022		
(In thousands)		Amt	%		Amt	%	
PRC	\$	32,292	67 %	\$	53,784	53 %	
Other Asia & Pacific countries		9,276	20 %		38,026	38 %	
Asia & Pacific		41,568	87 %		91,810	91 %	
Europe		6,558	13 %		7,631	7 %	
U.S.		184	<u> </u>		1,641	2 %	
Total	\$	48,310	100 %	\$	101,082	100 %	

We have historically derived a portion of our revenue in a given reporting period from a limited number of key customers, which vary from period to period. The following table summarizes net revenues from customers that accounted for over 10% of our net revenues for the periods indicated:

	Three Months En	ided June 30,
	2021	2022
Α	13 %	*%
В	12 %	*%
С	*%	15 %
D	*%	15 %
E	*%	10 %
F	*%	10 %

	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2021 2022		
В	16 %	*%	
C	*%	15 %	

*Revenue from such customers represented less than 10% of our revenue during the respective periods.

Cost of Revenues and Gross Profit

Cost of revenues include direct and indirect materials, manufacturing overhead (including depreciation, freight and logistics), warranty reserves and expenses, and labor costs and related personnel expenses, including share-based compensation and other related expenses that are directly attributable to the manufacturing of products.

Gross profit is equal to revenues less cost of revenues. Gross profit margin is equal to gross profit divided by revenues.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses consist of selling and marketing, general and administrative and research and development expenses.

Selling and marketing expenses. Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of personnel-related costs associated with our sales and marketing functions, including share-based compensation, and other expenses related to advertising and promotions of our products. We intend to hire additional sales personnel, initiate additional marketing programs and build additional relationships with our customers. Accordingly, we expect that our selling and marketing expenses will continue to increase in absolute dollars in the long term as we expand our business.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses consist primarily of personnel-related expenses associated with our executive team members, including share-based compensation, legal, finance, human resource and information technology functions, as well as fees for professional services, depreciation and amortization and insurance expenses. We expect to incur additional costs as we hire personnel and enhance our infrastructure to support the anticipated growth of our business.

Research and development expenses. Research and development expenses consist primarily of personnel-related expenses, including share-based compensation, raw material expenses relating to materials used for experiments, utility expenses and depreciation expenses attributable to research and development activities. Over time, we expect our research and development expense to increase in absolute dollars as we continue to make significant investments in developing new products, applications, functionality and other offerings.

Subsidy Income

Government subsidies represent government grants received from local government authorities. The amounts of and conditions attached to each subsidy were determined at the sole discretion of the relevant governmental authorities. Our subsidy income is non-recurring in nature.

Other Income and Expenses

Other income and expenses consist primarily of interest expense associated with our debt financing arrangements, interest income earned on our cash balances, gains and losses from foreign exchange conversion, and gains and losses on disposal of assets.

Income Tax Expense

We are subject to income taxes in the U.S. and foreign jurisdictions in which we do business, namely the PRC, Germany and the UK. These foreign jurisdictions have statutory tax rates different from those in the U.S. Accordingly, our effective tax rates will vary depending on the relative proportion of foreign to U.S. income, the absorption of foreign tax credits, changes in the valuation of our deferred tax assets and liabilities and changes in tax laws. We regularly assess the likelihood of adverse outcomes resulting from the examination of our tax returns by the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS"), and other tax authorities to determine the adequacy of our income tax reserves and expense. Should actual events or results differ from our current expectations, charges or credits to our income tax expense may become necessary. Any such adjustments could have a significant impact on our results of operations.

Income tax in the PRC is generally calculated at 25% of the estimated assessable profit of our subsidiaries in the PRC, except that two of our PRC subsidiaries were qualified as "High and New Tech Enterprises" and thus enjoyed a preferential income tax rate of 15%. Federal corporate income tax rate of 21% is applied for our U.S. entity. Income tax in the UK is calculated at an average tax rate of 19% of the estimated assessable profit of our subsidiary in the UK. German enterprise income tax, which is a combination of corporate income tax and trade tax, is calculated at 29.1% of the estimated assessable profit of our subsidiary in Germany.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Three Months Ended June 30, 2022 to the Three Months Ended June 30, 2021

The following table sets forth our historical operating results for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended June 30,					\$ Change	% Chango	
		2021		2022	-	Change	Change	
Amount in thousands								
Revenues	\$	33,372	\$	64,414	\$	31,042	93.0 %	
Cost of revenues		(40,146)		(59,573)		(19,427)	48.4 %	
Gross (loss)/profit		(6,774)		4,841		11,615	171.5 %	
		(20.3)%		7.5 %				
Operating expenses:								
General and administrative expenses		(6,178)		(34,335)		(28,157)	455.8 %	
Research and development expenses		(5,895)		(10,244)		(4,349)	73.8 %	
Selling and marketing expenses		(3,706)		(5,810)		(2,104)	56.8 %	
Total operating expenses		(15,779)		(50,389)		(34,610)	219.3 %	
Subsidy income		213		576		363	170.4 %	
Operating loss		(22,340)		(44,972)		(22,632)	101.3 %	
Other income and expenses:								
Interest income		111		420		309	278.4 %	
Interest expense		(1,537)		(895)		642	(41.8)%	
Other income, net		49		10		(39)	(79.6)%	
Loss on changes in fair value of convertible notes		(3,243)		—		3,243	(100.0)%	
Gain on change in fair value of warrant liability				1,255		1,255	100.0 %	
Loss before income tax		(26,960)		(44,182)		(17,222)	63.9 %	
Income tax expense		(109)		_		109	(100.0)%	
Net loss	\$	(27,069)	\$	(44,182)	\$	(17,113)	63.2 %	

Revenues

Our revenues increased from approximately \$33.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021 to approximately \$64.4 million for the same period in 2022, primarily driven by an increase in sales volume from approximately 104.7 MWh for three months ended June 30, 2021 to approximately 252.6 MWh for the same period in 2022.

Cost of Revenues and Gross Profit

Our cost of revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 increased \$19.4 million, or 48.4%, compared to the same period in 2021. The increase in the cost of revenues was primarily in line with the increase of sales.

Our gross margin increased from (20.3)% for the three months ended June 30, 2021 to 7.5% for the same period in 2022. The increase in gross margin was primarily due to better economies of scale resulting from increasing sales volume, offset by (i) the increases in material prices and (ii) \$1.9 million of share-based compensation expenses we began recognizing based on modified vesting conditions after the Business Combination.



Operating Expenses

Selling and Marketing

Selling and Marketing expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2022 increased \$2.1 million, or 56.8%, compared to the same period in 2021. The increase in Selling and Marketing expenses was primarily due to (i) \$1.3 million of share-based compensation expenses we began recognizing based on modified vesting conditions after the Business Combination (ii) \$0.7 million of increased personnel-related expenses as we increased headcount and (iii) other increases related to business expansion.

General and Administrative

General and Administrative expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2022 increased \$28.2 million, or 455.8%, compared to the same period in 2021. The increase in General and Administrative expenses was primarily due to \$24.6 million of share-based compensation expenses we began recognizing based on modified vesting conditions after the Business Combination, (ii) \$2.8 million of increased professional service expense after the Business Combination and (iii) other increases related to business expansion.

Research and Development

R&D expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2022 increased \$4.3 million, or 73.8%, compared to the same period in 2021. The increase in R&D expenses was primarily due to (i) \$2.6 million of share-based compensation expenses we began recognizing based on modified vesting conditions after the Business Combination, (ii) \$1.2 million of increased personnel-related expenses as we increased headcount of our research team as a result of our efforts to further develop and enhance our products and (iii) other increases related to business expansion.

Gain on change in fair value of warrant liability

In the three months ended June 30, 2022, we recorded a gain of \$1.3 million due to the change in fair value of the warrant liability.

Comparison of the Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 to the Six Months Ended June 30, 2021

The following table sets forth our historical operating results for the periods indicated:

	Six Months Ended June 30,					\$	%	
		2021		2022	Cha	unge	Change	
Amount in thousands								
Revenues	\$	48,310	\$	101,082	\$	52,772	109.2 %	
Cost of revenues		(56,321)		(96,228)		(39,907)	70.9 %	
Gross (loss)/profit		(8,011)		4,854		12,865	160.6 %	
		(16.6)%		4.8 %				
Operating expenses:								
General and administrative expenses		(10,752)		(60,436)		(49,684)	462.1 %	
Research and development expenses		(9,681)		(21,553)		(11,872)	122.6 %	
Selling and marketing expenses		(6,862)		(11,808)		(4,946)	72.1 %	
Total operating expenses		(27,295)		(93,797)		(66,502)	243.6 %	
Subsidy income		2,131		713		(1,418)	(66.5)%	
Operating loss		(33,175)		(88,230)		(55,055)	166.0 %	
Other income and expenses:								
Interest income		207		734		527	254.6 %	
Interest expense		(3,383)		(1,691)		1,692	(50.0)%	
Other income, net		44		409		365	829.5 %	
Loss on changes in fair value of convertible notes		(6,843)		—		6,843	(100.0)%	
Gain on change in fair value of warrant liability				820		820	100.0 %	
Loss before income tax		(43,150)		(87,958)		(44,808)	103.8 %	
Income tax expense		(218)		_		218	(100.0)%	
Net loss	\$	(43,368)	\$	(87,958)	\$	(44,590)	102.8 %	

Revenues

Our revenues increased from approximately \$48.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 to approximately \$101.1 million for the same period in 2022, primarily driven by an increase in sales volume from approximately 163.2 MWh for six months ended June 30, 2021 to approximately 366.6 MWh for the same period in 2022.

Cost of Revenues and Gross Profit

Our cost of revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 increased \$39.9 million, or 70.9%, compared to the same period in 2021. The cost of revenues increased primarily due to the increase of sales.

Our gross margin increased from (16.6)% for the six months ended June 30, 2021 to 4.8% for the same period in 2022. The increase in gross margin was primarily due to better economies of scale resulting from increasing sales volume, offset by (i) the increases in material prices and (ii) \$3.8 million of share-based compensation expenses we began recognizing based on modified vesting conditions after the Business Combination.

Operating Expenses

Selling and Marketing

Selling and Marketing expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2022 increased \$4.9 million, or 72.1%, compared to the same period in 2021. The increase in Selling and Marketing expenses was primarily due to \$4.2 million of share-based compensation expenses we began recognizing based on modified vesting conditions after the Business Combination and other increases related to business expansion.

General and Administrative

General and Administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2022 increased \$49.7 million, or 462.1%, compared to the same period in 2021. The increase in General and Administrative expenses was primarily due to (i) \$42.7 million of share-based compensation expenses we began recognizing based on modified vesting conditions after the Business Combination, (ii) \$5.9 million of increased professional service expense after the Business Combination and (iii) other increases related to business expansion.

Research and Development

R&D expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2022 increased \$11.9 million, or 122.6%, compared to the same period in 2021. The increase in R&D expenses was primarily due to \$7.8 million of share-based compensation expenses we began recognizing based on modified vesting conditions after the Business Combination (ii) \$2.3 million of increased personnel-related expenses as we increased headcount of our research team as a result of our efforts to further develop and enhance our products, (iii) \$0.7 million of increased costs of materials used for experiments due to more testing activities and (iv) other increases related to business expansion.

Subsidy Income

Subsidy income decreased from \$2.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021 to \$0.7 million in the same period in 2022, primarily due to a one-time award granted by local governments in the PRC in 2021.

Gain on change in fair value of warrant liability

In the six months ended June 30, 2022, we recorded a gain of \$0.8 million due to the change in fair value of the warrant liability.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and related disclosures. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis. Our estimates are based on historical experience and various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Our actual results could differ from these estimates.

There have been no substantial changes to these estimates, or the policies related to them during the six months ended June 30, 2022. For a full discussion of these estimates and policies, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" in Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

Our cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and money market accounts. Such interest-earning instruments carry a degree of interest rate risk. To date, fluctuations in interest income have not been significant. Our borrowings under our line of credit carry variable interest rates so such risks are limited as it relates to our current borrowings.

The primary objective of our investment activities is to preserve principal while maximizing income without significantly increasing risk. Because our cash equivalents have a short maturity, our portfolio's fair value is relatively insensitive to interest rate changes. We do not believe that an increase or decrease in interest rates of 100 basis points would have a material effect on our operating results or financial condition. In future periods, we will continue to evaluate our investment policy in order to ensure that we continue to meet our overall objectives.



Foreign Currency Risk

Our major operational activities are carried out in the PRC and a majority of the transactions are denominated in Renminbi. The volatility of exchange rates depends on many factors that we cannot forecast with reliable accuracy. We have experienced and will continue to experience fluctuations in our operating results as a result of transaction gains and losses related to translating certain cash balances, trade accounts receivable and payable balances, and intercompany balances that are denominated in currencies other than the U.S. Dollar, principally Renminbi. The effect of an immediate 10% adverse change in foreign exchange rates on Renminbi-denominated accounts as of June 30, 2022, including intercompany balances, would result in a foreign currency loss of \$4.4 million. In the event our foreign sales and expenses increase, our operating results may be more greatly affected by fluctuations in the exchange rates of the currencies in which we do business. At this time, we do not, but we may in the future, enter into derivatives or other financial instruments in an attempt to hedge our foreign currency exchange risk. It is difficult to predict the impact hedging activities would have on our results of operations.

Credit Risk

Our credit risk primarily relates to our trade and other receivables, restricted cash, cash equivalents and amounts due from related parties. We generally grant credit only to clients and related parties with good credit ratings and also closely monitor overdue debts. In this regard, we consider that the credit risk arising from our balances with counterparties is significantly reduced.

In order to minimize the credit risk, we have delegated a team responsible for determining credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, we review the recoverable amount of each individual debtor at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. We will negotiate with the counterparties of the debts for settlement plans or changes in credit terms, should the need arise. In this regard, we consider that our credit risk is significantly reduced.

Seasonality

We have historically experienced higher sales during our third and fourth fiscal quarters as compared to our first and second fiscal quarters due to reduced purchases from our customers, who are mainly Chinese bus OEMs, during the Chinese Spring Festival holiday season in our first fiscal quarter. However, our limited operational history makes it difficult for us to judge the exact nature or extent of the seasonality of our business.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Under supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of June 30, 2022. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2022 and believed that the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements included in this Report fairly represent in all material respects our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows at and for the periods presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Material Weakness

In the course of auditing our consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021 in accordance with PCAOB auditing standards, Microvast and its independent registered public accounting firm identified one material weakness. As defined in the standards established by the PCAOB, a "material weakness" is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

The identified material weakness relates to insufficient financial reporting and accounting personnel with appropriate U.S. GAAP knowledge and SEC reporting requirements to properly address complex U.S. GAAP technical accounting issues and to prepare and review financial statements and related disclosures in accordance with U.S. GAAP and financial reporting requirements set forth by the SEC. This material weakness has been remediated as of June 30, 2022.

Neither Microvast nor its independent registered public accounting firm undertook a comprehensive assessment of our internal control for purposes of identifying and reporting material weakness and other control deficiencies in its internal control over financial reporting. Had Microvast performed a formal assessment of its internal control over financial reporting or had its independent registered public accounting firm performed an audit of its internal control over financial deficiencies may have been identified. In the future, we may identify additional material weaknesses. In addition, if our independent registered public accounting firm attests to, and reports on, our management's assessment of the effectiveness of our internal controls.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2022, other than as described above, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Microvast's internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time we may be involved in various legal proceedings and subject to claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. Although the results of litigation and claims are inherently unpredictable and uncertain, we are not currently a party to any legal proceedings the outcome of which, if determined adversely to us, are believed to, either individually or taken together, have a material adverse effect on our business, operating results, cash flows or financial condition. However, the results of litigation and claims are inherently unpredictable. Regardless of the outcome, litigation has the potential to have an adverse impact on us because of defense and settlement costs, diversion of management resources and other factors. See Note 16 - Commitments and Contingencies, in the notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, which is incorporated in Part I, Item 1 of this Report on Form 10-Q, which is incorporated by reference.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In evaluating us and our common stock, we urge you to carefully consider the risks and other information in this Report on Form 10-Q, as well as the risk factors disclosed in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, and other reports that we have filed with the SEC, including the section entitled "Risk Factors" in the Registration Statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-258978), filed on July 28, 2022, as subsequently amended. Any of these factors could result in a significant or material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition. Additional risk factors not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business or results of operations. We may disclose changes to such factors or disclose additional factors from time to time in our future filings with the SEC.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

There were no unregistered sales of our equity securities during the three months ended June 30, 2022.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits.

The following exhibits are furnished as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Report on Form 10-Q.

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Title
2.1+	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of February 1, 2021, by and among Tuscan Holdings Corp., TSCN Merger Sub Inc., and Microvast, Inc. (incorporated by reference to the Company's definitive proxy statement on Schedule 14A, filed with the SEC on July 2, 2021).
3.1	Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Microvast Holdings, Inc. (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on July 28, 2021).
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of Microvast Holdings, Inc. (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on July 28, 2021).
4.1	Specimen Common Stock Certificate (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on July 28, 2021).
4.2	Specimen Warrant Certificate (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.5 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on July 28, 2021).
4.3	Warrant Agreement (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, filed with the Company on February 26, 2019).
4.4	Registration Rights and Lock-Up Agreement, dated as of July 26, 2021, by and among (a) Microvast Holdings, Inc., (b) the Microvast Equity Holders, (c) the CL Holders, (d) Tuscan Holdings Acquisition LLC, Stefan M, Selig, Richard O, Rieger and Amy Butte, and (e) EarlyBirdCapital, Inc. (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on July 28, 2021).
4.5	Stockholders Agreement, dated July 26, 2021, by and among (a) Microvast Holdings, Inc., (b) Yang Wu and (c) Tuscan Holdings Acquisition LLC. (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on July 28, 2021).
10.1	Transition Services Agreement, dated April 14, 2022, by and between Microvast, Inc. and Yanzhuan (Leon) Zheng (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on April 19, 2022).
10.2	Employment Agreement, dated April 14, 2022, by and between Microvast, Inc. and Craig Webster (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on April 19, 2022).
10.3	Letter Agreement, dated April 14, 2022, by and between Microvast and Sascha Rene Kelterborn (incorporated by reference from Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed with the SEC on April 19, 2022).
31.1*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15(d)-14(a), as adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15(d)-14(a), as adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2**	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

- * Filed herewith.
- ** Furnished.
- + Certain schedules to this Exhibit have been omitted in accordance with Item 601(b)(2) of Regulation S-K. The Company hereby agrees to hereby furnish supplementally a copy of all omitted schedules to the SEC upon request.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Dated: August 11, 2022

MICROVAST HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Craig Webster

Name:Craig WebsterTitle:Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Yang Wu, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 of Microvast Holdings, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2022

By: /s/ Yang Wu

 Name:
 Yang Wu

 Title:
 Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Craig Webster, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 of Microvast Holdings, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2022

By: /s/ Craig Webster

 Name:
 Craig Webster

 Title:
 Chief Financial Officer

 (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Microvast Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Yang Wu, Chief Executive Officer and Director, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 11, 2022

/s/ Yang Wu

Name: Yang Wu Title: Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Microvast Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Craig Webster, Chief Financial Officer, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

(1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 11, 2022

/s/ Craig Webster

 Name:
 Craig Webster

 Title:
 Chief Financial Officer

 (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)